PRESENTATION OF THE RESULTS OF NIGERIA'S GDP REBASING / RE-BENCHMARKING EXERCISE, TRANSCORP HILTON HOTEL, ABUJA



MEASURING BETTER:

REBASING / RE-BENCHMARKING OF NIGERIA'S GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

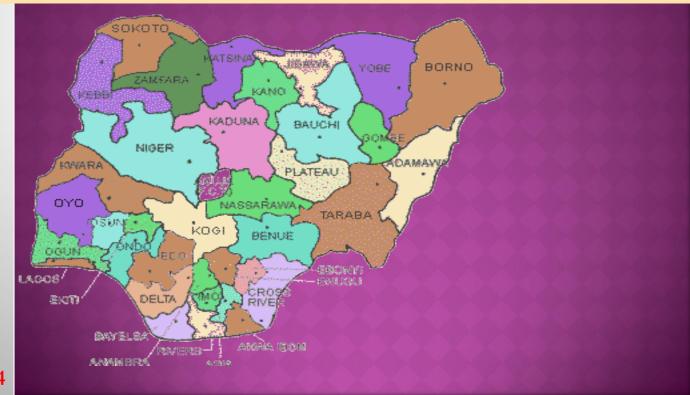
DR. YEMI KALE

Statistician-General of the Federation &

CEO, National Bureau of Statistics

Abuja, NIGERIA.

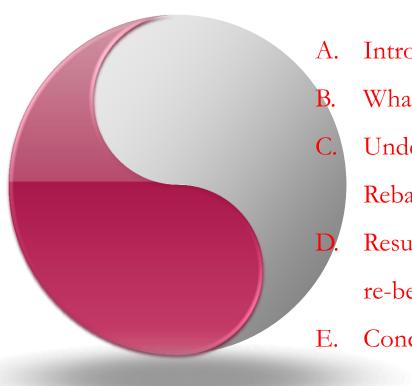






OUTLINE...

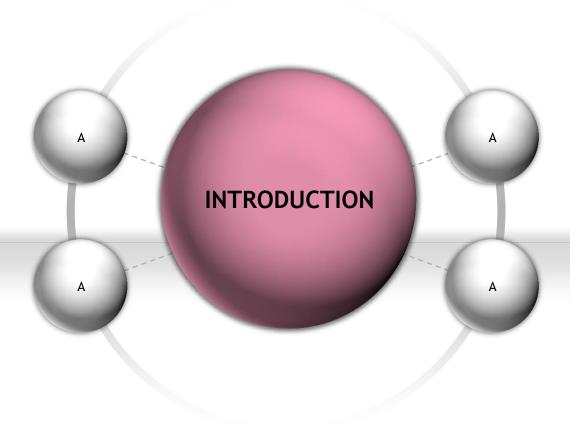




- Introduction
- What is GDP
 - Understanding GDP
 - Rebasing/Re-benchmarking
 - Results from the GDP rebasing/
 - re-benchmarking
- Conclusion



SECTION A



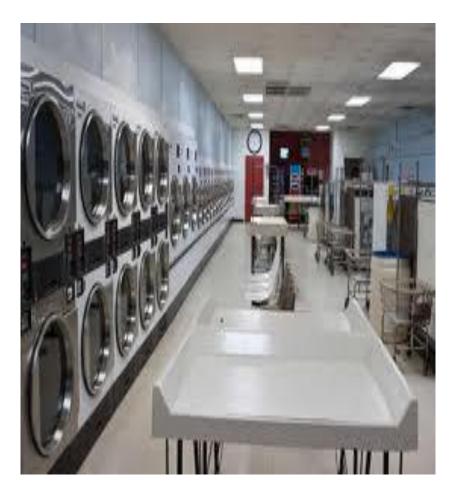


- Sound data represent the key weapon in the battle against poverty" Tado Chiko, former President, Asian Development Bank
- "If you can't measure it, you can't manage it" Robert Kaplan

Good statistics allied to appropriate government policies can <u>change things radically</u> for the better." - Clare Short, former Secretary of State for International Development

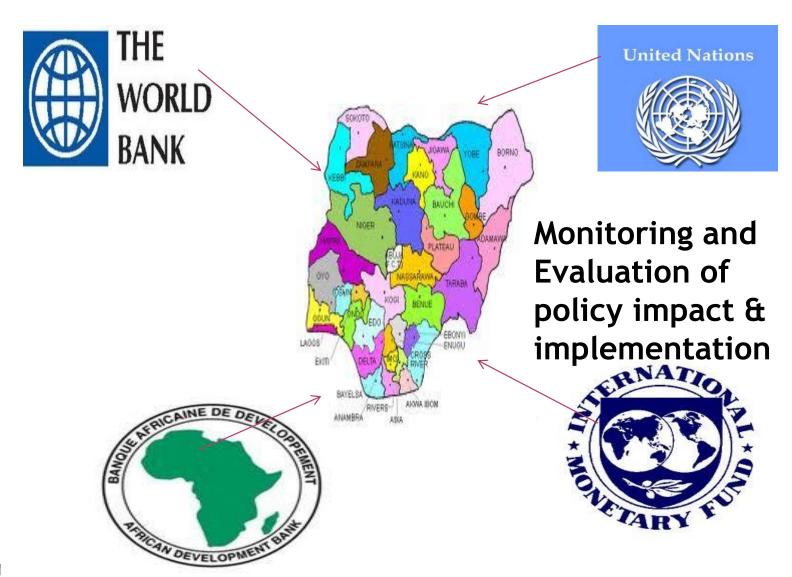
These 3 quotations are pointers to what can be described as the key roles of data/statistics







Project /
programme
identification









INGSBYFS1216 [RF] © www.visualphotos.com





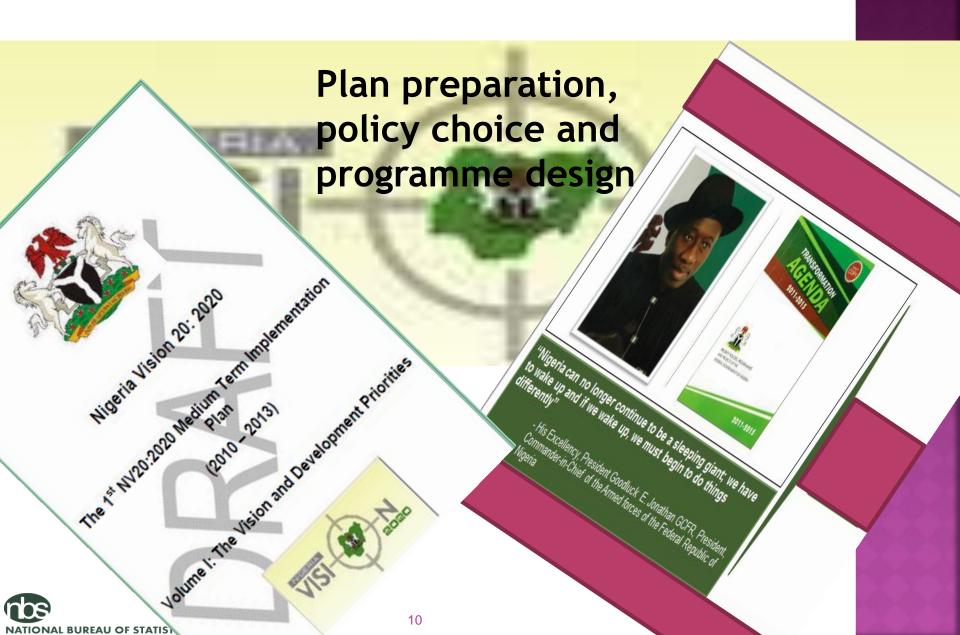
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS



Measuring governance and accountability

engendering public debate and

informing public choices



WARNING!!!!

DON'T REPLACE DATA WITH IDEOLOGY "

Article by Emi Nakamura, Jon Steinsson and Nicolas Vincent, Bloomberg

WWW.BLOOMBERG.COM/NEWS/2012-06-12/DON-T-REPLACE-DATA-WITH-IDEOLOGY.-HTML

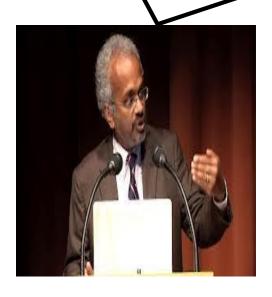
- Are a vital source of evidence of progress
- Ensure scarce resources are used
- Enhance the decision making process, so that:
 - Our ability to identify key areas which require change are enhanced
 - Our proposals for change are likely to respond to the real needs of the Nigerian people.

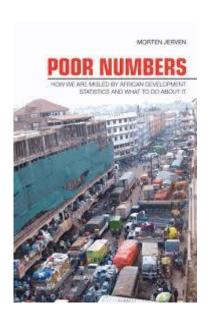


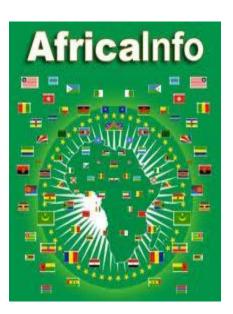
African Statistics:

Is there a tragedy?













Demand for Nigerian Statistics 2005and 2012

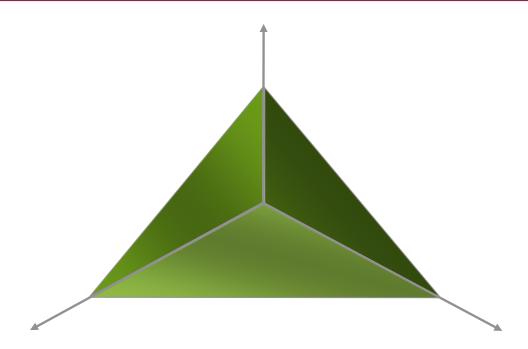
Performance Indicators	2005	2012
Reports downloaded	48,479	1,015,6454
Request for data onsite	23	334
Request for data email	106	4,882
Visits to website/ No of hits	36,280	4,486,112
No. of times NBS mentioned in the media	73	3,365
	Reports downloaded Request for data onsite	Reports downloaded 48,479 Request for data onsite 23 Request for data email 106 Visits to website/ No of hits 36,280





What's driving the demand for data?

SURGE IN AFRICAN DATA DEMAND



EXOGENEOUS FACTORS

ENDOGENOUS FACTORS







What's driving the demand for data?

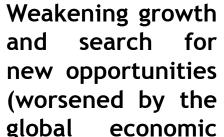
GDP Growth- Nigeria and the Rest of the World

12

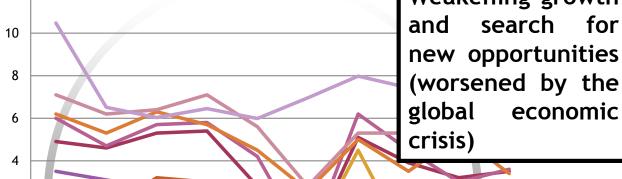
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% Change



EXOGENOUS DEMAND



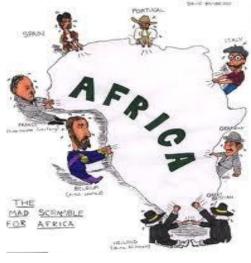
-)										
-2	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013f
World	4.9	4.6	5.3	5.4	2.8	0	5.1	3.9	3.2	3.5
United States	3.5	3.1	2.7	1.9	0	0	2.4	1.80	2.30	2.00
Euro Area	2.2	1.7	3.2	3	0.4	0	2	1.4	0	-0.2
—— Japan	2.4	1.3	1.7	2.2	0	0	4.5	0	2.2	1.2
Latin America and the Carribean	6	4.7	5.7	5.8	4.2	0	6.2	4.5	3	3.6
Middle East and North Africa	6.2	5.3	6.3	5.7	4.5	2.6	5	3.5	5.2	3.4
Sub-Saharan Africa	7.1	6.2	6.4	7.1	5.6	2.8	5.3	5.3	4.8	5.8
Nigeria	10.5	6.5	6.0	6.4	6.0	7.0	8.0	7.4	6.6	6.8

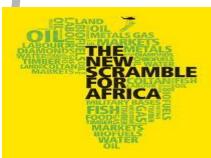






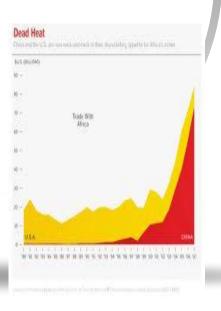
What's driving the demand for data?





"Nowadays, it is Africa that is the continent on investors' lips", Zin Bekkali, chief executive of Silk Invest, a boutique asset manager





EXOGENOUS DEMAND

Abundant good news... Goldman Sachs report N11, improved ratings, macro stability, and validated by IMF Wbank and reports from 2005.HBS report rating NGR high on as 30st top most important economies etc

JP Morgan and Barclays adds NGR bonds to emerging market index etc.

Unprecedented surge in FDI (\$9bn in 2012 in NGR and over \$55bn for Africa)

60percent of NSE owned by foreign firms from less than 5 percent in 2000

<u>Unprecedented</u> <u>increase in trade and</u> financial flows.

What's driving the demand for data?







Major international brands entering the Nigerian market in the last three years.













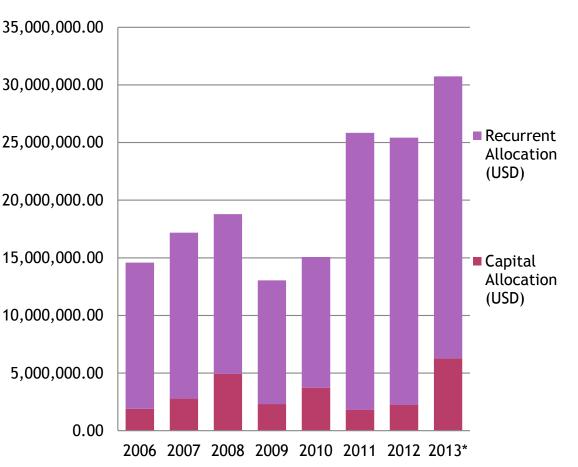






What's driving the demand for data?

Statistics Budget profile 2006-2013 (\$US)



ENDOGENOUS DEMAND?

Recurrent budget (mostly personnel costs) for the Bureau has been high over the years

The capital budget on the other hand, finances key surveys and projects and has largely declined since 2008

As a result of recent advocacy efforts, and demonstrable successes, the current government increased the capital allocation by 25 percent in 2012 and by a whopping 178 percent for 2013!

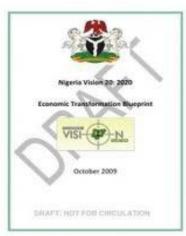




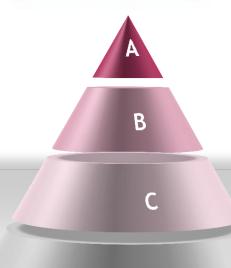
What's driving the demand for data? **ENDOGENOUS DEMAND**?





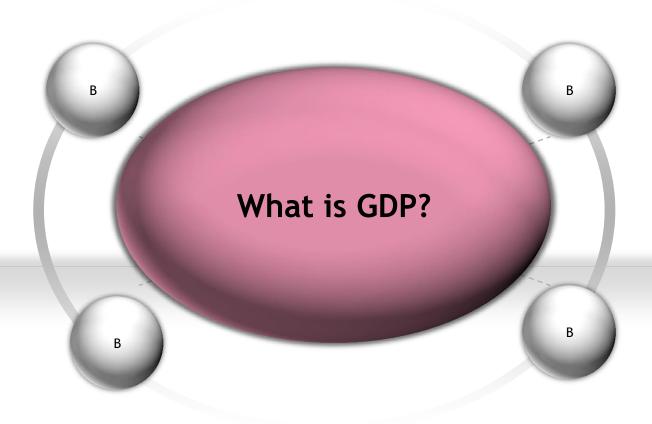


- Paradigm shift to results based managementfrom finanacial to output to performance and outcome measurement.
 - B Return to strategic planning by FGN
 - Increased demand for accountability from citizens.
 - Return to Democracy after 3 decades of military dictatioship





SECTION B







What is GDP



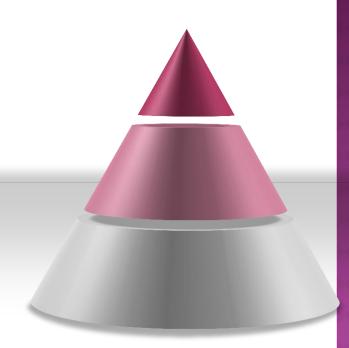
GDP

market value of all officially recognized final goods and services produced within a country in a given period:

- Output/Production approach
 - Value of Sales of goods and services -Intermediate Consumption in producing those goods and services.
- Expenditure Approach

•
$$GDP = C + I + G + (EX - IM)$$

- Income Approach
 - Wages+Rent+Interests+ profits+ adjustments



What is GDP

- GDP growth isn't synonymous with development.
 - Rising GDP alone may not lead to economic development
 - ...but is required for Development
- GDP growth may not necessarily reduce poverty or unemployment
 - Inequality
 - Capital Intensive technologies/ increase in productivity



SECTION C



"MEASURING BETTER"



- Over time prices change and the structure of an economy changes
 - introduction of new products
 - alteration in the variety of products and services due to technological innovations and developments;
- Changes in consumption
- Structural changes in acquisition of capital goods and changes in openness of economy
- Price structure of the economy changes
 - base year structure becomes less representative of the economy as time progresses
 - substitution effect: Consumers move away from relatively more expensive products to buy goods with relatively cheaper prices.



•Key Benefit

- Enables policy makers, analysts investors etc to obtain a more accurate picture of economic structure.
- Better understanding of that structure

Inform policy decisions and program design



Table 1: Selected countries that have undertaken rebasing exercises and the magnitude of the changes.

Country	Old Base Year	New Base Year	Number of years between	% Difference in GDP after
			base years	rebasing
Argentina	1986	1993	7	-8.2
Botswana	1993/1994	2006	13	-10
Brazil	1985	2000	15	7.0
Burundi	1996	2005	9	40.3
Cape Verde	1980	2007	27	13.7
Chile	1986	1996	10	9.9
Colombia	1975	1994	19	16.5
DRCongo	2000	2005	5	66.4
Ecuador	1975	1994	19	-3.1
Egypt	2001/2002	2006/2007	6	8.9
Ethiopia	1999/2000	2010/2011	12	-1
Ghana	1993	2006	13	62.8
Guatemala	1958	2001	43	-10.7
Honduras	1978	2000	22	19.2
Lesotho	1995	2004	9	-4.4
Morocco	1988	1998	10	11.7
Nicaragua	1980	1994	14	70.0
Niger	1987	2006	19	2.5
Nigeria	1990	2010	24	???
Paraguay	1982	1994	12	-11.6
Sierra Leone	2001	2006	5	25.6
Tanzania	2001	2007	6	10
Tunisia	1990	1997	7	9.8
Uganda	1997/1998	2002	5	10.5
Venezuela	1984	1997	13	-3.2



Methodology

- Detailed methodology has been put on our website at [www.nigerianstat.gov.ng]
- Four major methodological pillars
 - The System of National Accounts (SNA 2008 version),
 - the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC Revision 4), and
 - The Central Product Classification (CPC version 2)
 - Ongoing development of the SUT matrix

	NBS Harmonized Frame		
	Sectors	NBS FRAME	NBS Old Frame
1	AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING	1,116	671
2	MINING AND QUARRYING	971	261
3	MANUFACTURING	76,656	16,248
4	CONSTRUCTION	53,507	551
5	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE, REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	502,085	16,583
6	TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE	5,902	1,418
7	ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICE ACTIVITIES	13,109	5,774
8	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	1,719	2,183
9	PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES	125,482	4,593
10	ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES	2,048	1,096
11	EDUCATION	34,974	24,713
12	HUMAN HEALTH AND SOCIAL WORK ACTIVITIES	13,083	6,749
13	ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION	805	281
14	OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES	8,450	2,002
15	Real Estate	11721	610
	Total	851,628	83,733

Methodology

- Extensive Supplementary Surveys
 - Mining and Quarrying
 - Manufacturing
 - Construction
 - Wholesale & Retail Trade, Repair of motor vehicles & motor cycles
 - Transportation & Storage
 - Accommodation & Food service activities
 - Information & Communication inc motion picture and sound recording
 - Real Estate activities
 - Professional ,Scientific & Technical activities
 - Administrative & Support Service activities
 - Education
 - Human Health and Social Work activities
 - Arts & Entertainment
 - Other Service activities



Methodology: Key activities

- Revision of the activity classification in national accounts;
- Compilation of merchandise imports & exports, wholesale & retail trade margins, as well as imports and exports of services
- Field surveys for selected economic activities
- Collection of price indices
- Compilation of preliminary intermediate consumption and valuation matrices and
- Estimation of production accounts by the adopted industry classification
- Technical workshops with Stakeholders, involving over 150 Ministries, Departments & Agencies
- Results-validation meetings with key policy makers including the National Economic Management Team (NEMT), National Economic Management and Implementation Team (EMIT),
- Results-validation meetings with 6 economics professors; and
- Results-validation meetings with Joint Mission of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the World Bank and African Development Bank (AfDB).





NAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS

ISIC Rev.4

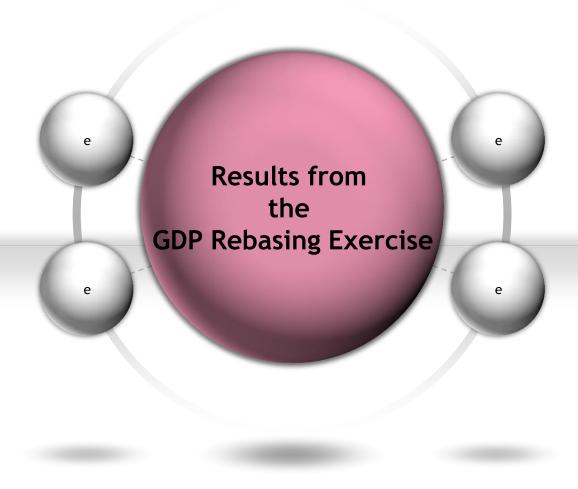


Old Classification		New Classification	
Crop Production	Post	Crop Production	Construction
Livestock	Financial Institutions	Livestock	Trade
Forestry	Insurance	Forestry	Accommodation and food services
Fishing	Real Estate	Fishing	Road Transport
Coal Mining	Business Services	Coal Mining	Rail Transport & Pipelines
Crude Petroleum & Natural Gas	Public Administration	Crude Petroleum And Natural Gas	Water Transport
Metal Ores	Education	Metal Ores	Air Transport
Quarrying & Other Mining	Health	Quarrying And Other Minerals	Transport Services
Oil Refining	Private Non Profit Organisations	Oil Refining	Post and Courier Services
Cement	Other Services	Cement	Telecommunications
Other Manufacturing	Broadcasting	Food, Beverage And Tobacco	Motion Pictures, Sound recording and Misic production
Electricity		Textile, Apparel And Footwear	Publishing
Water		Wood And Wood Products	Broadcasting
Building & Construction		Pulp, Paper And Paper Products	Arts, Entertainment and Recreation
Wholesale and Retail Trade		Chemical, Chemical Products And Pharmaceutical Products	Financial Institutions
Hotel and Restaurants		Non-metalic Products	Insurance
Road Transport		Plastic And Rubber Products	Real Estate
Rail Transport & Pipelines		Electrical And Electronics	Administrative and Support Serives
Water Transport		Basic Metal , Iron And Steel	Professional, Scientific and technical services
Air Transport		Motor Vehicles & Assembly	Public Administration
Transport Services		Other Manufacturing	Education



SECTION D

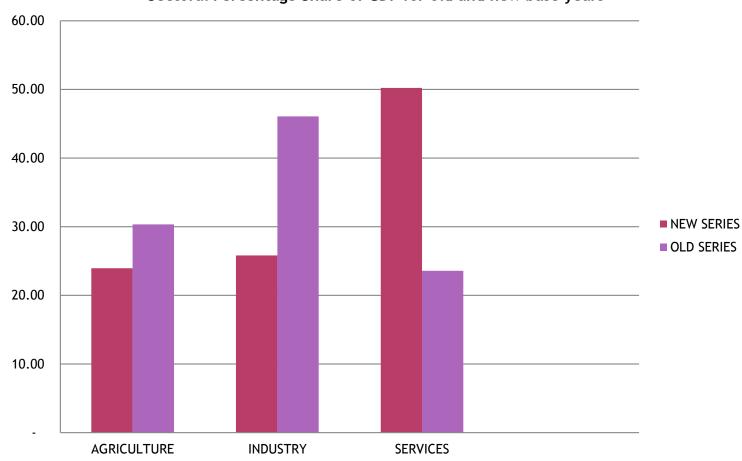




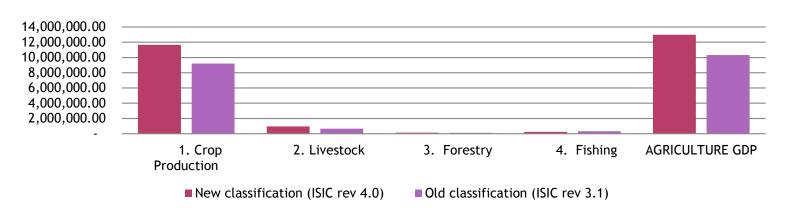
	OL	D SERIES (Nm)			
	2010	2011	2012	2013f	
Agriculture	10,310,655.64	11,593,434.13	13,413,842.46	14,709,104.92	
Industry	15,659,521.00	16,569,291.58	16,456,457.10	15,374,554.67	
Services	8,014,577.50	9,247,134.90	10,673,800.38	12,313,106.11	
Total Nominal GDP	33,984,754.13	84,754.13 37,409,860.61		42,396,765.71	
	NEV	W SERIES (Nm)			
	2010	2011	2012	2013f	
Agriculture	12,988,809.19	14,421,928.95	15,918,631.70	17,625,142.90	
Industry	13,992,438.93	17,313,556.37	18,667,774.92	20,083,371.09	
Services	27,223,547.01	31,221,112.69	36,243,580.95	41,925,033.96	
Total Nominal GDP	54,204,795.12	63,258,579.00	71,186,534.89	80,222,128.32	
I	Percentage change b	etween Old and Nev	v GDP Series		
Sector	2010	2011	2012	2013f	
Agriculture	25.97	24.40	18.67	19.82	
Industry	-10.65	6.31	15.60	34.46	
Services	239.68	237.63	239.56	240.49	
Total Nominal GDP	59.50	69.10	75.58	89.22	

	2010 (old)	2011 (Old)	2012 (old)	2013 (Old)	2010 (new)	2011 (new)	2012 (new)	2013f (new)
Agriculture	30.34	30.99	33.08	34.69	24.0	22.80	22.40	21.97
Industry	46.08	44.29	40.59	36.26	25.81	27.85	26.72	25.64
- Manufacturi ng(of total)	1.89	1.86	1.88	1.94	6.60	6.46	6.67	6.83
Crude oil & Nat Gas	42.68	40.86	37.01	32.43	15.50	17.52	15.89	14.40
Services	23.58	23.72	26.33	29.04	50.22	49.35	50.91	51.89
Telecommun ications and Info services	0.77	0.78	0.82	0.86	9.1	8.74	8.73	8.69
Motion pictures, sound recording and music production	-	-	-	-	0.88	1.01	1.20	1.42

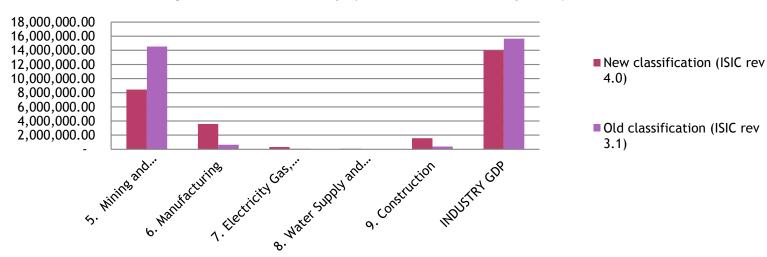




Changes in Agriculture (old and new base years) (Nm)

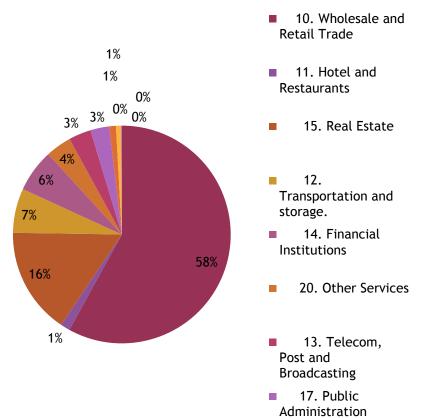


Composition of Industry (old and new base years) Nm

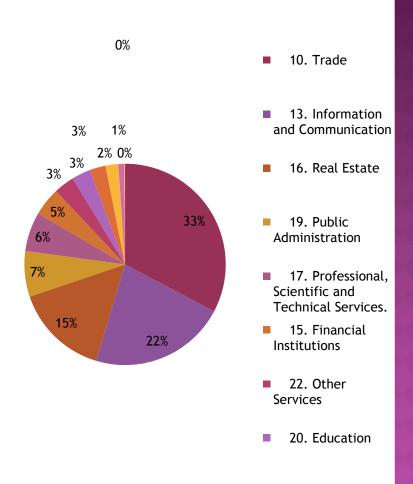


16. Business
Services (Not Health
or education)

Composition of Services Sector (1990 Base Year)



Composition of Services Sector (2010 base year)



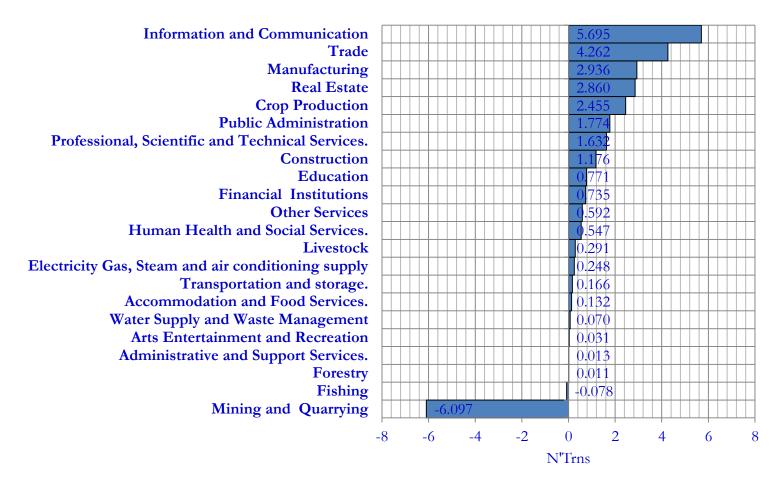


REAL GDP	GROWTH	RATE (ol	d vs new	series)
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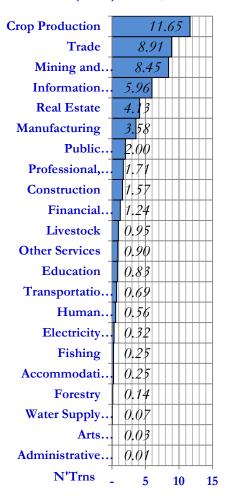
	2011	2012	2013f
Growth at 2010			
constant basic			
prices (new)	5.09	6.66	7.41
Growth at 2010			
constant Market			
Prices (new)	4.65	6.75	7.31
Growth at 1990			
constant basic			
prices(Old)	7.43	6.58	6.89
Growth at 1990	7.43	0.38	0.89
constant Market			
Prices (old)	7.44	6.52	6.85



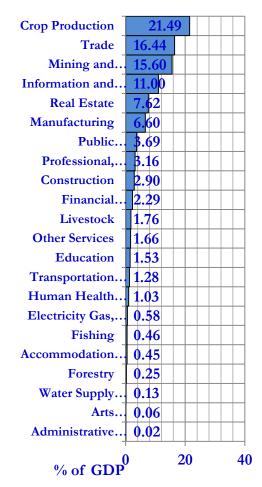
Simple Differences btw New and Old GDP 2010



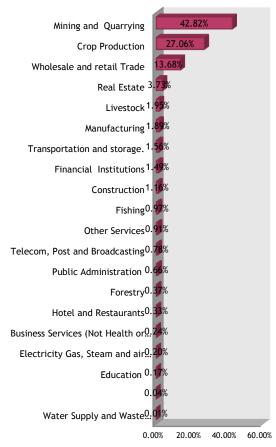
Rebased (New) Series, 2010



% of GDP (2010, Rebased)



Old Series, 1990





Electricity, Gas ,Steam and Air Conditioning Supply Motion Pictures, Sound recording and Music production Financial Institutions Arts, Entertainment And Recreation Plastic and Rubber products Coal Mining Basic metal, Iron and Steel **Metal Ores** Food, Beverage and Tobacco Education Water Supply, Sewerage, Waste Management and. Cement Pulp, Paper and Paper Products Chemical and Pharmaceutical Products Real Estate **Accommodation And Food Services** Motor vehicles & assembly Trade Insurance Other services % Growth Air Transport Professional, Scientific And Technical Services **Nominal** Oil Refining Publishing, Livestock GDP, 2013 **Fishing** Human health and social services Administrative & Support Services Quarrying and Other Minerals Wood and Wood Products **Public Administration** Water Transport Transport Services **Electrical and Electronics**

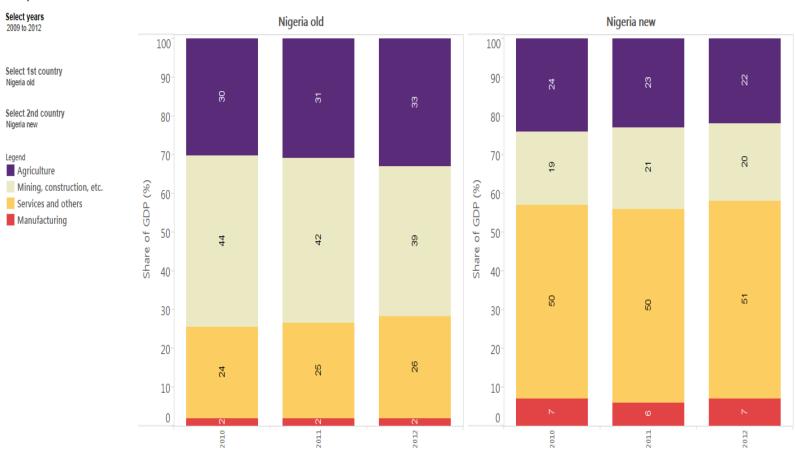
GDP at Basic prices
Telecommunications and Information Services
Rail Transport & Pipelines
Forestry
Crop Production
Non-Metallic Products
Post and Courier Services
Other Manufacturing

Construction Broadcasting Textile, Apparel and Footwear Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas

Road Transport

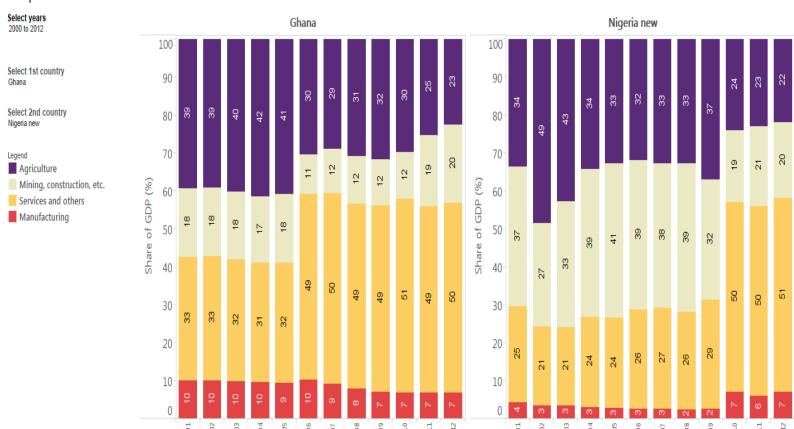
0.00 5.00 10.00 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00 45.00 50.00

Comparison of Structure of GDP

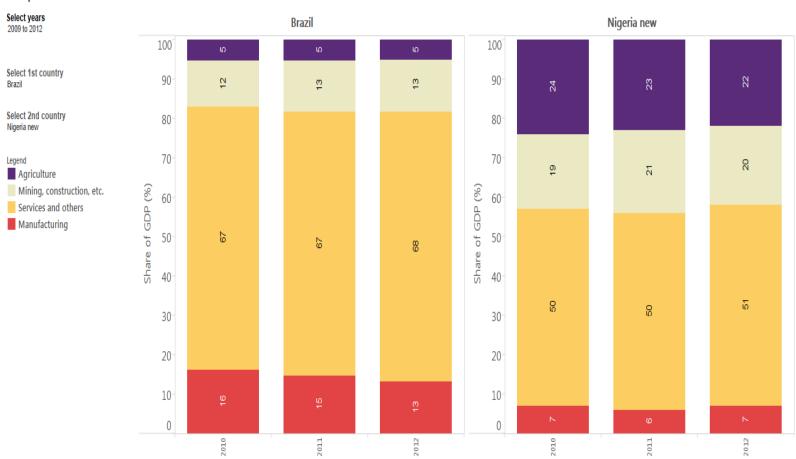




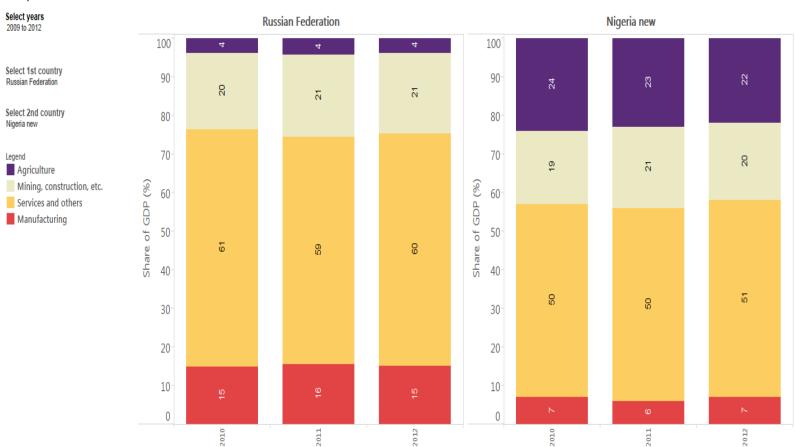
Comparison of Structure of GDP



Comparison of Structure of GDP

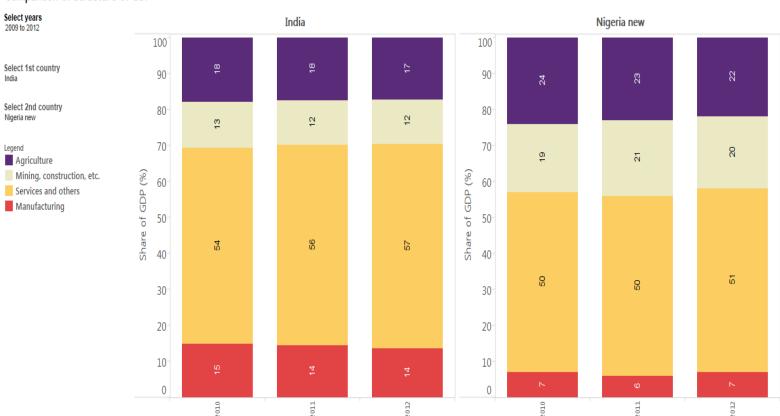


Comparison of Structure of GDP

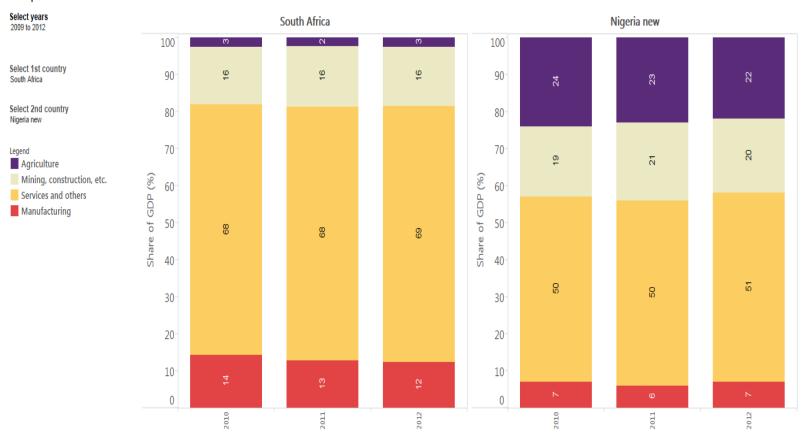




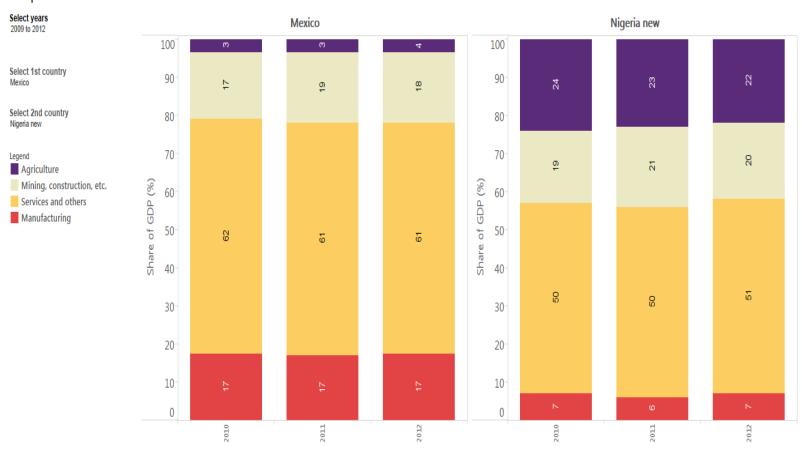
Comparison of Structure of GDP



Comparison of Structure of GDP

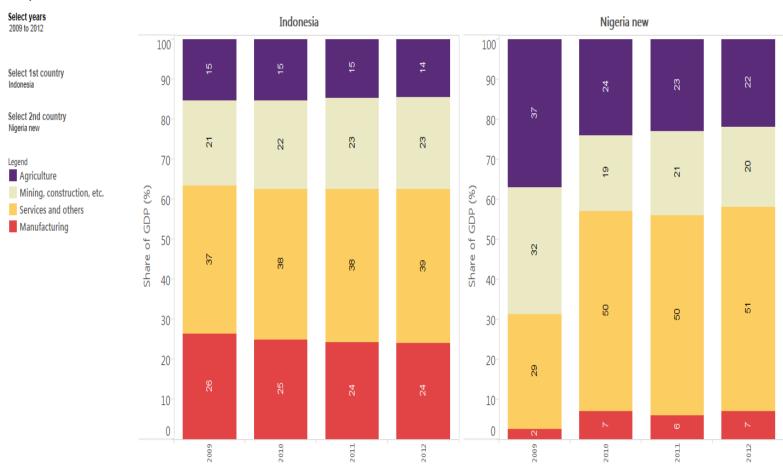


Comparison of Structure of GDP



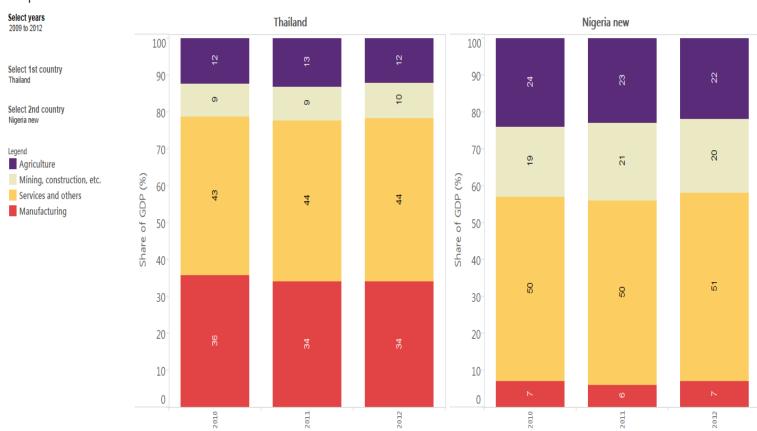


Comparison of Structure of GDP

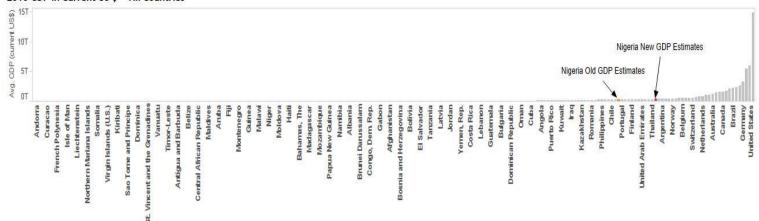




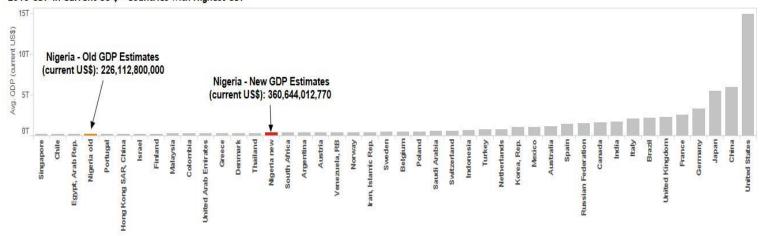
Comparison of Structure of GDP



2010 GDP in Current US \$ - All Countries



2010 GDP in Current US \$ - Countries with Highest GDP

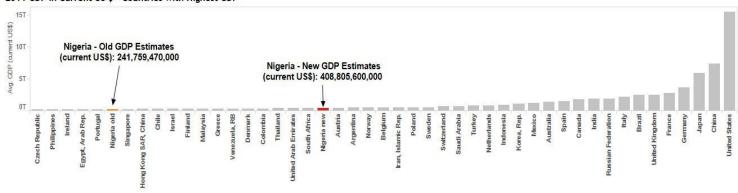


Source: All but Nigeria New GDP estimates, World Bank World Development Indicators Nigeria New GDP Estimates, Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014

2011 GDP in Current US \$ - All Countries



2011 GDP in Current US \$ - Countries with Highest GDP

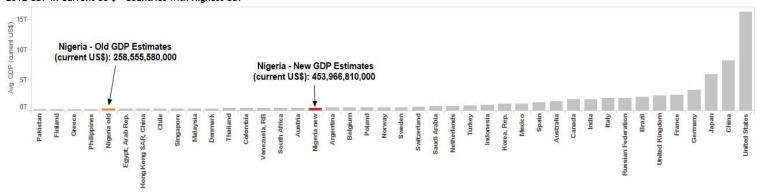


Source: All but Nigeria New GDP estimates, World Bank World Development Indicators Nigeria New GDP Estimates, Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014

2012 GDP in Current US \$ - All Countries

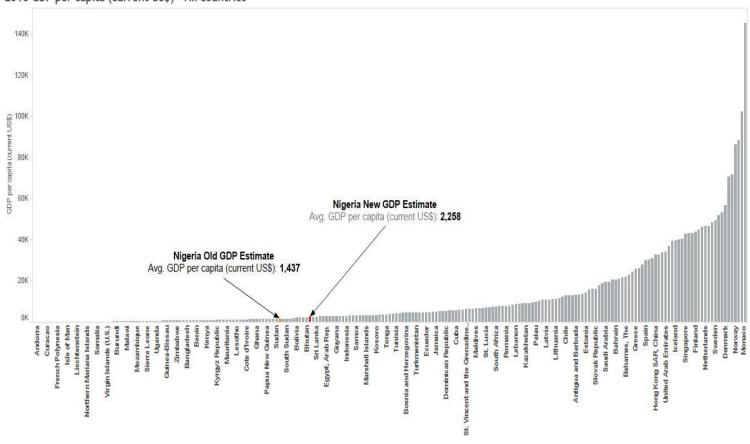


2012 GDP in Current US \$ - Countries with Highest GDP



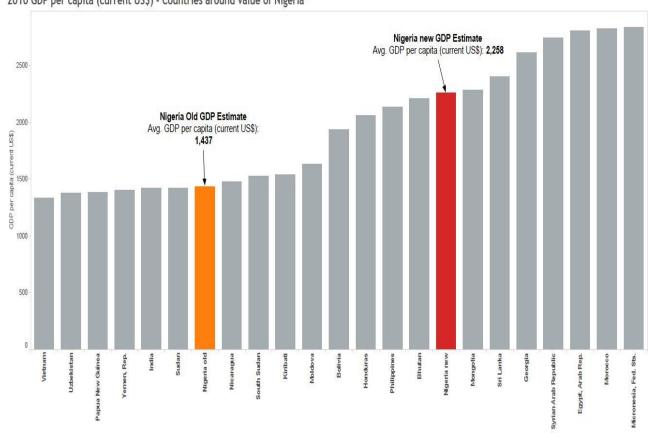
Source: All but Nigeria New GDP estimates, World Bank World Development Indicators Nigeria New GDP Estimates, Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014





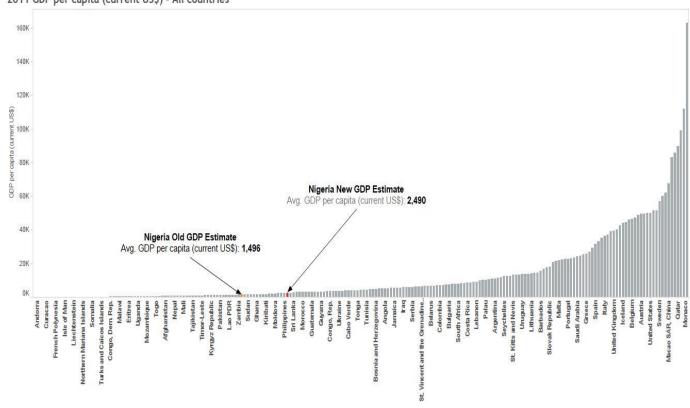
Source: All but Nigeria new GDP estimate, World Bank, World Development Indicators, April 4, 2014 Nigeria new GDP estimates - Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014

2010 GDP per capita (current US\$) - Countries around value of Nigeria



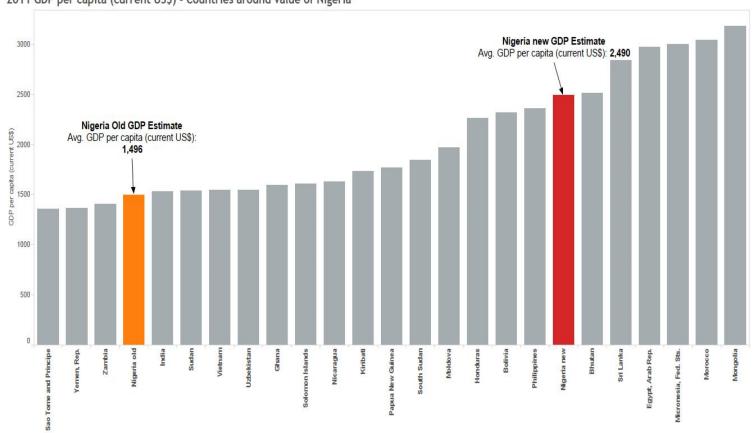
Source: All but Nigeria new GDP estimate, World Bank, World Development Indicators, April 4, 2014 Nigeria new GDP estimates - Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014...





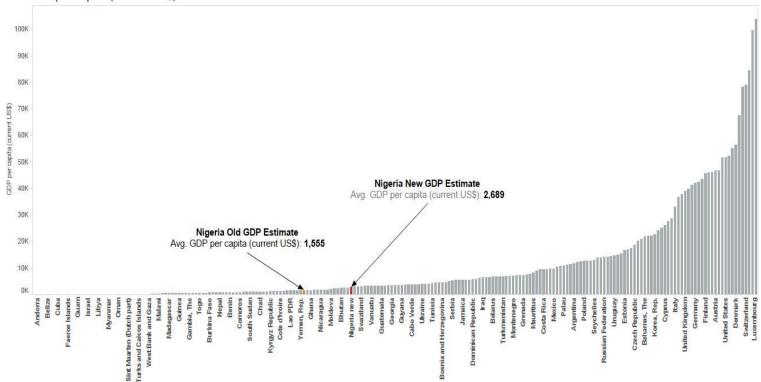
Source: All but Nigeria new GDP estimate, World Bank, World Development Indicators, April 4, 2014 Nigeria new GDP estimates - Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014

2011 GDP per capita (current US\$) - Countries around value of Nigeria



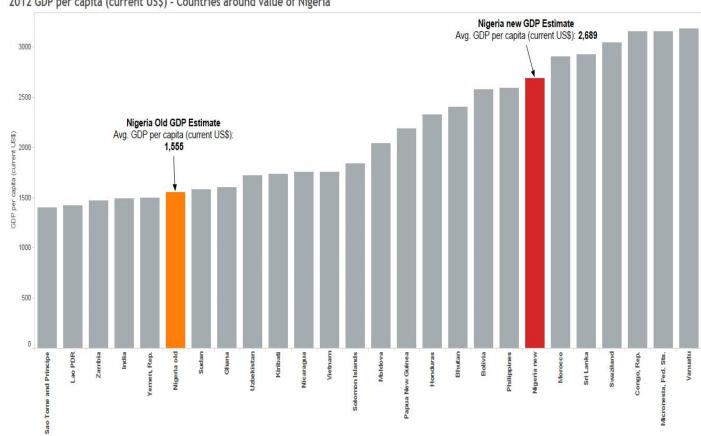
Source: All but Nigeria new GDP estimate, World Bank, World Development Indicators, April 4, 2014 Nigeria new GDP estimates - Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014...





Source: All but Nigeria new GDP estimate, World Bank, World Development Indicators, April 4, 2014 Nigeria new GDP estimates - Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014

2012 GDP per capita (current US\$) - Countries around value of Nigeria

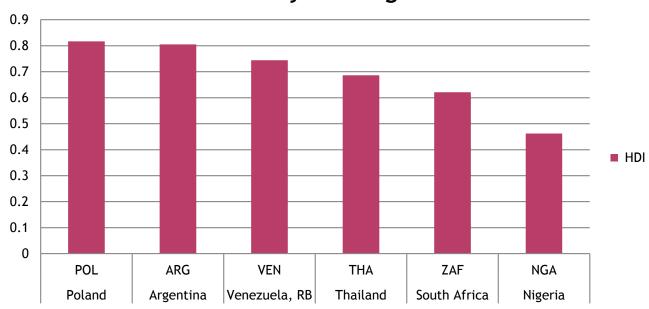


Source: All but Nigeria new GDP estimate, World Bank, World Development Indicators, April 4, 2014 Nigeria new GDP estimates - Nigeria Bureau of Statistics, April 6, 2014 . .

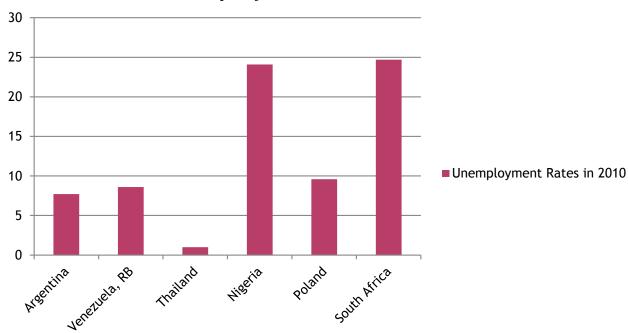


Debt to GDP 2012(old) series	Debt to GDP 2012 (new series)
19%	11%

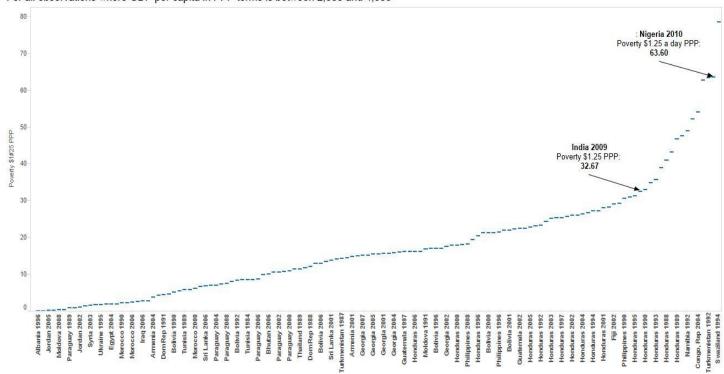
Relative Country Ranking HDI for 2010



Unemployment Rates in 2010

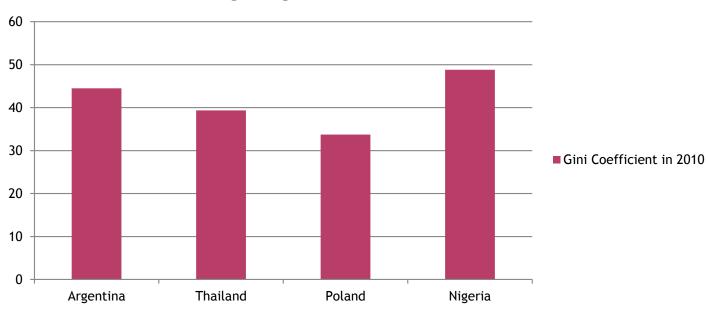


Poverty Headcount Rates at \$1.25 a day PPP For all observations where GDP per capita in PPP terms is between 2,500 and 4,500



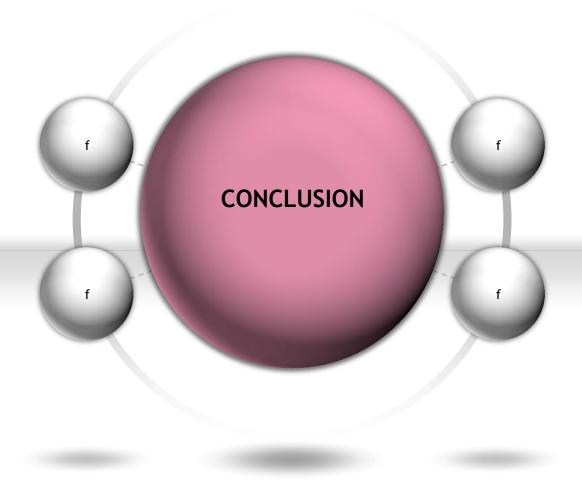
Source: World Bank, POVCALNET and World Development Indicators

Gini Coefficient in 2010

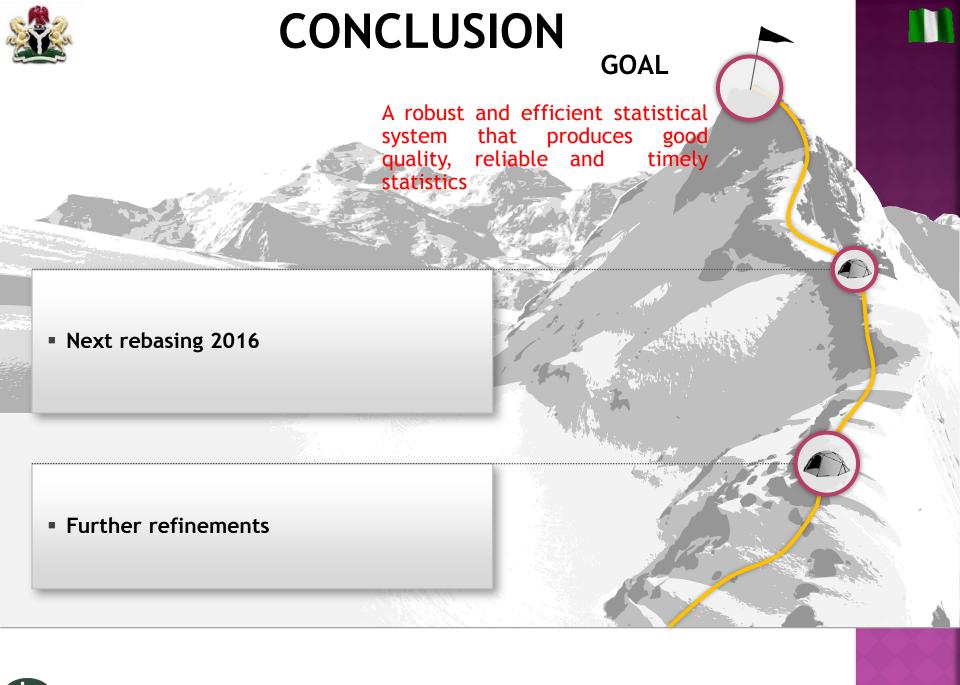












THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Plot 762, Independence Avenue, Central Business District, Abuja.

Email: ykale@nigerianstat.gov.ng feedback@nigerianstat.gov.ng

Website: www.nigerianstat.gov.ng



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